



Shri Vile Parle Kelavani Mandal's

MITHIBAI COLLEGE OF ARTS, CHAUHAN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & AMRUTBEN JIVANLAL COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS

(AUTONOMOUS)

NAAC Reaccredited "A" grade, CGPA: 3.57,

Granted under FIST-DST & Star College Scheme of DBT, Government of India

Affiliated to the

University of Mumbai

Program: M.Phil./Ph.D. Course work

Course: Microbiology ()

Credit Based Semester and Grading System (CBSGS) with effect from the academic year 2019-'20

PREAMBLE

Research centre of the microbiology department of SVKM's Mithibai College of Arts, Chauhan institute of science and Amrutben Jivanlal college of Commerce and Economics(Autonomous) is well established centre with well experienced faculty and good facility for the research.

The grant of autonomy has provided a platform for designing a curriculum for M.Phil. & Ph.D. that will help research scholar to be ready to start Ph.D. project . The course content is multidisciplinary which will help the research scholar to understand multidimension approach in research.

This course is designed as pre M.Phil. & Pre Ph.D. research requirement as per the UGC University Grants Commission for Minimum Standards and Procedure as adopted by governing body of Mithibai College of Arts, Chauhan Institute of Science & Amrutben Jivanlal College of Commerce and Economics(autonomous).

The Course is of 12 credit. The students will complete the credits in first two semester. This is divided in three papers 4 credit each. It comprises course on research methodology, advanced subject related content essential for the research, instrumentation and IPR. Two units in paper focuses on skill enhancement. This course also includes non-credit topics such as communication skills, computer skills. These will help students in their publication, conference presentation and proper scientific way of thesis writing.

At the end of two semester student will be ready to initiate research project.

Attendance Requirements

Research scholars shall be required to attend all the lectures and participate in journal club activity, guest lectures, seminars, workshops and industrial visit either arranged by the college or by the research centre. The attendance will be as per the rules and regulation as described in examination and evaluation guidelines of the college.

The research scholar shall not be allowed to take up any assignments outside the college during the course work during the coursework.

Examination & passing standard

Written as well as practical examination will be conducted by the research centre as given along description of the paper.

All the research scholars admitted to the M.Phil./Ph.D programme shall be required to complete the coursework prescribed by the Department within first two semesters.

AII M.Phil/ Ph.D. scholars has to obtain a minimum of 55% of marks or its equivalent grade in the UGC 7-point scale (or an equivalent grade/CGPA in a point scale) in the coursework in order to be eligible to continue in the programme.

Coursework Exemption and Rules

As per the rules and regulation as described in examination and evaluation guidelines.

Paper	Papers	Total	Credits	Total	Mode of assessment
No.		hours		Marks	
101	Research	60	4	100	100 marks Examination at
	Methodology				the end of course
102	Area specific	60	4	100	100 marks Examination at
	basic paper				the end of course
103	Skill development	30 + 60*	4	50 + 50	50 marks written Examination for two units at the end of course for two units 50 marks examination For unit-3 & 4 in from Practical assessment/viva voce/seminar/ written literature review on any topic related to advancement in area of research, and viva
	Soft skills	30	(non-	Compul	Completion certificate from
	Communication		credit)	sory	research guide
	skill			completi	-
	Presentation			on	
	skills, Computing				
	skills (use of				
	software relevant				

Details about the Papers in Coursework

to research) e.g. use of Microsoft EXCEl, Microsoft		
Access. SPSS, SAS, Corel draw		

*-seminars/workshops/Journal club/visit to research institute

- 1 credit- 15 hours of classroom learning and 30 hours of practicals(if any)
- Journal club/seminars/guest talks/research organisation visits -30 hrs 1 credit
- Paper-101 & 102 course work can either be completed in Research centre or student can register and complete the course from SWAYAM, MOOC, NPTEL, Coursera equivalent to course work credit. Credit will be assigned only on the basis of submission of certificate.
- From Paper-102 Student can select any four modules. These modules shall account for required credits assigned for the course.
- Student can also acquire additional credit and enhance skills required for research work by completing above mentioned courses in addition to the course work of research centre.

Paper-I (Course No.				
UNIT NUMBER		NUMBER OF Hours	NUMBER OF CREDITS	
UNIT I	 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY Strategies, planning and analysis Strategies, planning and analysis Scientific problem Scientific problem Short term and long term goals Research design- characteristics of a good research design, types of research design Repeatability, reproducibility and reliability Research design protocols Literature search Literature search Systematic literature search Systematic literature search Systematic literature search Systematic literature search Search techniques Somet factor Search techniques Somet factor Reference management software e.g. Mendeley, Zoreto Ethics in science Scientific conduct and misconduct Authorship issues Authorship issues Authorship issues Authorship issues Authorship issues Authorship issues Scientific conduct and misconduct Stetlics of animal research cPCSEA, Institutional ethics committee, OECD guidelines 	15	01	
UNIT II	 2. BIOSTATISTICS- INTRODUCTION 2.1. Introduction- definition, scope and limitations 2.2. Sampling-sampling frame, importance of probability sampling, simple random sampling, systemic sampling, stratified random sampling, cluster sampling 2.3. Collection of data, classification & tabulation-diagrammatic & graphical 	15	01	

	2.4. Measurement scales, variables & their		
	measurements		
	2.5 Measures of central tendency -mean		
	median mode geometric mean		
	2.6 Measures of dispersion- Range O.D. M.D.		
	variance standard deviation		
	2.7 Correlation and Pagrassion analysis:		
	2.7. Correlations and regressions - Delation		
	Correlations and regressions-: Relation		
	between two variables, scatter diagram,		
	definition of correlations & their equations,		
	interpretation of regression coefficients,		
	principles of least squares, Two regression		
	lines, curve fitting Karl Pearson's		
	coefficient of correlation, Spearman's		
	coefficient of correlation		
UNIT III	3. THEORY OF PROBABILITY	15	01
	Random experiments, sample space of an		
	experiment, event, mutually exclusive events,		
	exhaustive events, independent events,		
	additional theory(statement only), conditional		
	probability, multiplication theorem(statement		
	only), Bayes' theorem.		
	Discrete distribution- Binomial distribution.		
	Poisson distribution		
	Continuous distribution- Normal distribution		
	and its properties		
UNIT IV	and its properties 4.	15	01
UNIT IV	and its properties 4. 4.1 HYPOTHESIS TESTING	15	01
UNIT IV	and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis	15	01
UNIT IV	and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5 p value 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2 PARAMETRIC TESTS 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1 Large sample Tests 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1. Testing significance of single population 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population 	15	01
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UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population proportion 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population proportion 4.2.1.3. Testing significance of two population mean 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of two population mean 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population proportion 4.2.1.3. Testing significance of two population mean 4.2.1.4. Testing significance of two population proportion 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.3. Testing significance of two population mean 4.2.1.4. Testing significance of two population proportion 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population proportion 4.2.1.3. Testing significance of two population mean 4.2.1.4. Testing significance of two population proportion 4.2.2. Small sample Tests 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population proportion 4.2.1.3. Testing significance of two population mean 4.2.1.4. Testing significance of two population proportion 4.2.2. Small sample Tests 4.2.2.1. Testing significance of single population mean 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population proportion 4.2.1.3. Testing significance of two population mean 4.2.1.4. Testing significance of two population proportion 4.2.2. Small sample Tests 4.2.2.1. Testing significance of single population mean 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population proportion 4.2.1.3. Testing significance of two population mean 4.2.1.4. Testing significance of two population proportion 4.2.2. Small sample Tests 4.2.2.1. Testing significance of single population mean 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population proportion 4.2.1.3. Testing significance of two population mean 4.2.1.4. Testing significance of two population proportion 4.2.2. Small sample Tests 4.2.2.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.2.2. Testing difference between two independent normal population mean 	15	01
UNIT IV	 and its properties 4. 4.1. HYPOTHESIS TESTING 4.1.1. Null and alternatate hypothesis 4.1.2. Type-I & Type-II errors 4.1.3. Level of significance, 4.1.4. Power of test 4.1.5. p value 4.2. PARAMETRIC TESTS 4.2.1. Large sample Tests 4.2.1.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.1.2. Testing significance of single population proportion 4.2.1.3. Testing significance of two population mean 4.2.1.4. Testing significance of two population mean 4.2.2.5. Small sample Tests 4.2.2.1. Testing significance of single population mean 4.2.2.2. Testing difference between two independent normal population mean 	15	01

4.2.2.4. Testing significance of correlation	
coefficient	
4.2.3. χ^2 test	
4.2.3.1. Testing single population variance	
4.2.3.2. Testing Goodness of fit	
4.2.3.3. Testing association between two attributes	
4.2.4. F-test- Testing equality of variance	
4.2.5. ANOVA- one-way classification, two	
way classification	
4.3. INTRODUCTION TO NON-PARAMETRIC	
TESTS	
4.3.1. The Wilcoxon signed-Rank test for location	
4.3.1.1. Testing single population mean	
4.3.1.2. Testing difference between	
correlated (match pair) population means	
4.3.1.3. Testing difference between two	
independent population means	
4.3.2. The Mann-Whitney Test (Mann-Whitney-	
Wilcoxon test -for equality of medians)	
4.3.3. The Kolmogorov-Smirnov Goodness- of -Fit	
Test	
4.3.4. The Kruskal-Wallis One-Way Analysis of	
Variance by Ranks	
4.3.5. The Friedman Two-Way Analysis of Variance	
by Ranks	

	Paper-II	NUMBER	CREDIT
	1	OF HOURS	(04)
		(60)	
Unit-I	Cell biology	15	1
	Cell biology	08	
	1.1.1Cell cycle and control: Check points, Cyclins and		
	CDKs and apoptosis		
	1.1.2 Cancer biology- Cell cycle regulation.		
	apoptosis, autophagy, senescence, Hallmarks of		
	cancer.		
	1.1.2.1. angiogenesis and metastasis.		
	1.1.3. Oncogenes and tumor suppressors		
	1.1.4 epigenetics.		
	1.1.6 cancer biomarkers;		
	1.1.7 cell culture, primary cell lines, continuous cell		
	lines, maintenance of cell lines, cell toxicity assays		
	1.1.7 Cell analysis- Flow Cytometry; Cell		
	proliferation assays, Cell death analysis,		
	immunohistochemistry, blotting techniques, comet		
	assay		
Unit-II	Molecular biology techniques and bioinformatics	07	
	2.1. PCR: Basics, factors affecting PCR, applications,		
	variations in PCR, nucleic acid sequence based		
	amplification assays (NASBA) and transcription –		
	mediated amplification assay (TFA); Real Time PCR		
	2.2. nucleotide sequencing: Chemical and enzymatic		
	methods, Pyrosequencing, Automated DNA		
	sequencing, PCR fragment analysis, Next Generation		
	sequencing		
	2.3.Microarray Technology		
	2.4. Proteomics		
	2.5. Metagenomics		
	2.6. Use of bioinformatics tools in research(Hands on		
	training /practical learning)sequence alignment, global,		
	local, multiple, phylogenic analysis(use of 16srDNA		
	technique). Molecular docking using software		
Unit-III	Bioprocess and enzyme technology	15	1
	3.1Enzymes: commercial applications; Production of		
	industrially important enzymes, medically important		
	enzymes such as diagnostic, therapeutic enzymes.		
	3.2Enzyme purification techniques- conventional and		
	advance		
	3.5. Recombinant enzymes-kinetics		
	3.5. Enzyme immobilization kinetics of immobilization		
	development of new techniques, application		
	3.6 Microbial products		
	3.7 System biology		
		1	

	1	
Medical microbiology and immunology	15	1
4.1Medical microbiology- antibiotics resistance, newer		
approaches in antimicrobial therapeutics		
4.2Antibody engineering		
4.3 Immunological techniques: ELISA, RIA,		
immunofluorescence, RAST, RIST, MLR, flow cytometry		
and fluorescence, FACS; immunohistochemistry		
Nanotechnology	15	1
5.1 Types of nanoparticles-classification		
5.2 Methods for synthesis of nanoparticles-Methods,		
assembly, stabilisation		
5.3 Characterisation of nanoparticles		
5.4 Applications		
Introduction to Pharmacology		
6.1Physico-chemical properties of drug, drug-receptor		
interaction, Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics,		
Pharmacotherapeutics, Drug interactions		
6.2 Nature and sources of Drugs, Drug nomenclature and		
dosage forms		
6.3 Routes of drugs' administration; advantages and		
disadvantages of different routes		
6.4 Drug discovery and development		
6.5 Drug regulatory affairs		
6.6- Herbal drugs- Methods of extraction of active		
constituents, standardisation od herbal drugs, regulatory		
issues with herbal drugs, regulatory requirement in herbal		
drugs in India		
6.7 Drugs for various systems		
6.8 Drug Toxicity- OECD guidelines Acute, sub-acute and		
chronic toxicity studies, Carcinogenicity, teratogenicity,		
genotoxicity, mutagenicity, Definition of Toxicological		
Dose Descriptors (LD50, LC50, EC50, NOAEL,		
LOAELNOEC, DT50)		
	Medical microbiology and immunology 4.1Medical microbiology- antibiotics resistance, newer approaches in antimicrobial therapeutics 4.2Antibody engineering 4.3 Immunological techniques: ELISA, RIA, immunofluorescence, RAST, RIST, MLR, flow cytometry and fluorescence, FACS; immunohistochemistry Nanotechnology 5.1 Types of nanoparticles-classification 5.2 Methods for synthesis of nanoparticles-Methods, assembly, stabilisation 5.3 Characterisation of nanoparticles 5.4 Applications Introduction to Pharmacology 6.1 Physico-chemical properties of drug, drug-receptor interaction, Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacotherapeutics, Drug interactions 6.2 Nature and sources of Drugs, Drug nomenclature and dosage forms 6.3 Routes of drugs' administration; advantages and disadvantages of different routes 6.4 Drug discovery and development 6.5 Drug regulatory affairs 6.6- Herbal drugs- Methods of extraction of active constituents, standardisation od herbal drugs, regulatory issues with herbal drugs, regulatory requirement in herbal drugs in India 6.7 Drugs for various systems 6.8 Drug Toxicity- OECD guidelines Acute, sub-acute and chronic toxicity studies , Carcinogenicity, teratogenicity, genotoxicity, mutagenicity, Definition of Toxicological Dose Descriptors (LD50, LC50, EC50, NOAEL, LOAELNOEC, DT50)	Medical microbiology and immunology 15 4.1Medical microbiology- antibiotics resistance, newer approaches in antimicrobial therapeutics 4.2Antibody engineering 4.3 Immunological techniques: ELISA, RIA, immunofluorescence, RAST, RIST, MLR, flow cytometry and fluorescence, FACS; immunohistochemistry 15 5.1 Types of nanoparticles-classification 5.2 15 5.1 Types of nanoparticles-classification 5.3 Characterisation of nanoparticles-Methods, assembly, stabilisation 5.3 Characterisation of nanoparticles 5.4 Applications 1 16 Introduction to Pharmacology 6.1Physico-chemical properties of drug, drug-receptor interaction, Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacotherapeutics, Drug interactions 6.2 Nature and sources of Drugs, Drug nomenclature and dosage forms 6.3 Routes of drugs' administration; advantages and disadvantages of different routes 6.4 Drug discovery and development 6.5 Drug regulatory affairs 6.6 - Herbal drugs. Methods of extraction of active constituents, standardisation od herbal drugs, regulatory issues with herbal drugs, regulatory requirement in herbal drugs in India 6.7 Drugs for various systems 6.8 Drug Toxicity- OECD guidelines Acute, sub-acute and chronic toxicity studies , Carcinogenicity, teratogenicity, genotoxicity, mutagenicity, Definition of Toxicological Dose Descriptors (LD50, LC50, EC50, NOAEL, LOAELNOEC, DT50)

	Paper-III	NUMBER	CREDIT
	SKILL DEVELOPMENT & ENHANCEMENT IN	OF HOURS	(04)
	RESEARCH	30 + 60	
UNIT-1	INSTRUMENTATION	15	1
	1.1 Good laboratory practices		
	1.2 Separation analytical techniques –		
	1.2.1chromatographic techniques, conventional and		
	advance techniques, TLC, GC, affinity, ion exchange,		
	size exclusion, supercritical fluid, HPTLC		
	1.2.2.electrophoretic technique-		
	1.2.3.spectroscopic techniques- UV, FTIR, ESR, NMR,		
	Circular Dichroism, Raman, ORD, Atomic absorption		
	spectrometry, MALDI-TOF-MS, SELDI-TOF, Tandem MS		
UNIT-	Intellectual property rights	15	1
II	2.1Patents- Introduction to patents, patent databases,		
	Preparation of Patent documents, patent examination, Patent		
	infringement, recent development in patent system.		
	2.2 Geographical indications		
	2.3 Trademarks		
	2.4 Copy rights		
	2.5Management of intellectual property		
	2.6 Business & Intellectual property		
UNIT-	Communication skill	30	1
III	Presentation skills, Journal club, seminars, Skill		
	enhancement workshops, visit to research		
	institutes/industries		
Unit-IV	Computing skills (use of software relevant to research) e.g.	30	1
	use of Microsoft EXCEl, Microsoft Access. SPSS, SAS,		
	Corel draw,		

Reading Resources

- 1. Research Methodology: A guide for Researchers in Agricultural Science, Social Science and other related fields. Pradip kumar Sahu. Springer 2006
- 2. Ranjit Kumar, 2005 Research Methodology- A step-by-step Guide for beginners, 3rd edition, Sage publications.
- 3. Fundamentals of Research methodology and statistics- Yogesh Kumar Singh, New Age International Publishers
- 4. Biostatistics: A foundation for analysis in health sciences. Daniel WW, Cross CL. 10thEdn, Wiley.2013
- 5. Biostatistical Analysis. Zar JH. 5th Edition Pearson Education.2010.
- 6. Principles of Biostatistics. Pagano M., Gauvreau K., 2ndEdn. Cargege Learning, 2010
- 7. Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Rosner B. 7thEdn. Duxbury Thomson 2011
- 8. Introductory Applied Biostatistics D'Agostino RB., Sullivan LM., Beiser AS., Thomson Brooks/Cole 2006
- 9. Molecular Biology of the Cell Albert, Johnson, Lewis, Raff, Roberts & Walter, 3rd edition
- 10. Molecular Cell Biology. Lodish, Birk, and Zipursky. 6th edition Freeman
- 11. Coooper, G.M., Hausman R.E. (2009) The Cell: A Molecular Approach- 5th edition. ASM Press.
- 12. Karp G. (2002). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. 3rd edition. John Wiley & Sons.
- 13. Culture of animal cells : Ian Freshney, 5th edition, John Wiley & Sons.
- 14. Clive R. Newton, Alex Graham. (1997) PCR; BIOS Scientific Publishers.
- 15. Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices: Kulkarni, Sulabha K, 3rd edition, Springer
- 16. Mount, D. W. (2001) Bioinformatics: sequence and genome analysis. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York.
- 17. Introduction to Bioinformatics T.K. Attwood and D.J Perry-Smith
- 18. Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins by Baxevanis A.D. and Ouellette, Third Edition. John Wiley and Son Inc., 2005
- 19. Communications Skills: Sanjay Kumar & PuspLata, 2nd edition,Oxford University Press
- 20. An Introduction to Professional English and Soft Skills by B.K. Das et al., Cambridge University
- 21. Skoog, Holler and Nieman, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 5th Ed. Australia, Thomson Brock/Cole.
- 22. Wilson K., and Walker J. (2010). Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Seventh Edition; Cambridge University Press
- 23. Pharmacokinetic in Drug Discovery and Development. Schoenwald RD. CRC Press. 2010.
- 24. Principles and Methods of Toxicology. Hayes W, Kruger CL. CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group. 2013.
- 25. An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry. Patrick GL. 5thEdn. Oxford University Press. 2013.
- 26. Good Laboratory Practice: Nonclinical Laboratory Studies Concise Reference. Allport-Settle MJ. PharmaLogika. 2010

- 27. Intellectual Property: The Law of Trademarks, Copyrights, Patents and Trade Secrets. Bouchoux D. 3rdEdn. Delmar Cengage Learning. 2009.
- 28. Office of the Controller General of Patents, Designs & Trade (CGPDTM): Manual of Geographical Indications Practice and Procedure
- 29. Office of the Controller General of Patents, Designs & Trade (CGPDTM): Manual of Patent Office Practice and Procedure
- 30. Office of the Controller General of Patents, Designs & Trade (CGPDTM): Manual of Designs Practice and Procedure
- 31. Office of the Controller General of Patents, Designs & Trade (CGPDTM): Revised Draft Manual of Trademarks Practice and Procedure
- 32. WIPO : WIPO Guide To Using Patent Information
- 33. WIPO : Intellectual Property (IP) Audit
- 34. WIPO : WIPO Patent Drafting Manual
- 35. WIPO : The Value of Intellectual Property, Intangible Assets
- 36. Any other reference sources as recommended by the course instructor.